

$$Nu = \frac{hL}{k}$$

$$Bi = \frac{hL}{k}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{k}{\rho c_p} \left[\frac{m^2}{s} \right]$$

$$Pr = \frac{\nu}{\alpha}$$

$$Re_L = \frac{uL}{\nu} = \frac{\rho u L}{\mu}$$

$$h = \frac{Nu \cdot k}{L}$$

$$Fo = \frac{\alpha t}{L^2}$$

$$\nu = \frac{\mu}{\rho} \left[\frac{m^2}{s} \right]$$

$$For circular pipes:$$

$$R_D = \frac{4\dot{m}}{\pi \mu D} = \frac{\rho u_m D}{\mu}$$

$$C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$$

$$C = K + 273$$

Rate of heat generation by electrical resistance (p.19, p.126)

$$q_g = \dot{E}_g = I^2 R'_e L = I^2 R_e$$

$$R_e [\Omega]$$

$$R'_e \left[\frac{\Omega}{m} \right]$$

$$q_g = \dot{q} V$$

$$\dot{q} \left[\frac{W}{m^3} \right]$$

$$q_g = E \cdot I$$

(electrical power, p.401)

For cylinder



$$\dot{q} = \frac{\dot{E}_g}{V} = \frac{I^2 R'_e L}{V} = \frac{I^2 R'_e}{\left(\frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right)}$$

$$R_e = \rho_e \frac{L_e}{\left(\frac{\pi d^2}{4} \right)}$$

$$q = I^2 R_e$$

ρ_e electrical resistivity

Rate of heat of vaporization (heating-off), p.120, p.634

$$q = \dot{m}_b \cdot h_{fg} [W]$$

\dot{m}_b the rate at which liquid evaporates from the free surface (boils-off)

$$\left[\frac{kg}{s} \right]$$

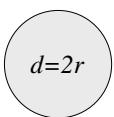
Heat to melt volume V

$$Q = m \cdot h_{if} = (\rho V) \cdot h_{if} [J]$$

h_{if} latent heat of fusion (p.24) ($h_{ice-water} = 334$)

$$\left[\frac{J}{kg} \right]$$

Circle



$$A_s = \frac{\pi d^2}{4} = \pi r^2$$

$$S = \pi d = 2\pi r$$

Characteristic Length $L_c = V/A_s$

$$\text{for } Bi = \frac{hL_c}{k} \text{ (Lumped Capacitance)}$$

$$\text{for } Bi = \frac{hL_c}{k} \text{ (for Table 5.1 Approximate Solution)}$$

Sphere



$$A_s = \pi d^2 = 4\pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{\pi d^3}{6} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

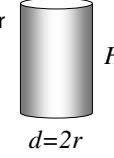
$$L_c = \frac{d}{6} = \frac{r}{3}$$

$$Bi = \frac{h r}{k 3}$$

$$Bi = \frac{h r}{k}$$

h is a convective coefficient

Cylinder



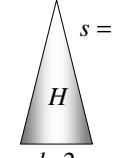
$$A_s = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r H$$

$$L_c = \frac{d}{4} = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$Bi = \frac{h r}{k 2}$$

$$Bi = \frac{h r}{k}$$

Cone



$$s = \sqrt{r^2 + H^2}$$

$$A_s = \pi r^2 + \pi r s$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 H$$

$$P = \text{property}$$

$$\frac{P - P_i}{T - T_i} = \frac{P_2 - P_i}{T_2 - T_i}$$

Linear Interpolation:

$$P = P_i + \frac{P_2 - P_i}{T_2 - T_i} \cdot (T - T_i)$$